Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. V.] SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1805. [No. 1409.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
RUM

In hhds, and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Bandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c.——ALSO,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kerſemeres,
Duffils, Plains, Kerſeys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elaſticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Ruſſels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Cellicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Osnaburgs and Tickinburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marſteller.

Dec. 20.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a deed of truſt, from *James Davidſon* to the ſubſcriber, for ſecuring the payment of thirteen hundred dollars to *Joſeph Thomas* and *Joſiah Faxon*, will be expoſed to PUBLIC SALE, to the higheſt bidder, for reaſh money, on the premiſes, on SATURDAY the 11th day of October next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, a HOUSE and LOT, on Prince-ſtreet, between Water and Fairfax-ſtreets, late occupied by the ſaid James Davidſon as a tavern. The Houſe is large and commodious, and is in a part of the town well calculated for buſineſs of any kind—and the ſale will poſitively take place.

G. Deneale, *Truſtee.*

September 19. dtſ.

JUST RECEIVED,
A few cheſts Young Hyſon and Imperial Teas.
Mould, Tallow, and Spermaceti Candles, of nice quality;
For Sale, by
John G. Ladd.

September 20. d

FOR SALE,

A likely NEGRO BOY, about 12 or 13 years old.

Enquire of the Printer.

September 12.

GUNPOWDER.

Juſt received, and for ſale by the ſubſcribers,
15 quarter-caſks F and FF Belona Gunpowder, of a ſuperior quality.
ALSO,
25 cheſts Young Hyſon Tea,
50 barrels New-England Rum,
10 hogſheads Molaſſes,
10 quarter-caſks Malaga Wine,
3 hundred pairs coarſe Shoes—and
A quantity Plaiſter Paris.

LAWRASON & FOWLE.

September 7. d

Wanted to Purchaſe,

50 well ſeaſoned *Locuſt or Cedar Poſts*, and 250 *ſtout Cheſnut RAILS.*
Apply to the Printer.

Aug 19. d.

Mackarel & Whiſkey.

210 barrels of MACKAREL juſt received, per ſchooner Hiram, from Rhode-Iſland:
ALSO,
35 barrels ſtrong proof RYE WHISKEY—and
30 kegs manufactured James-River TOBACCO, warranted good. Theſe articles will be ſold low. Apply to
John & Thomas Vowell.

July 16. d

TO RENT,

A convenient two-ſtory Brick-houſe in Wilkes ſtreet, oppoſite Capt. *George Slacum's*—For terms apply to,
July 6. *John C. Vowell.*

For Freight, or Charter,

THE NEW SHIP
RHODA & BETSEY
ELIAS TENNY,
MASTER;
Burthen 230 tons, ſhe has performed only one voyage to Europe, is now in perfect ſtaunch order, commodious for paſſengers and a firſt rate ſailer, ready to be ordered here in a few days, on application to
John G. Ladd.

September 24. d

For Freight or Charter,

The ſubſtantial, faſt-ſailing
SHIP
William and John,
Thomas Woodhouſe, Maſter;
Carries 350 hogſheads of tobacco or 2300 barrels of flour. Apply to the Maſter on board, or
James Patton,
Who has for Sale,
Cogniac Brandy, 4th proof, old, and of good flavor
Jamaica Spirit, in puncheons
Molaſſes, in hogſheads
A pipe of Old London particular Madeira Wine
Muſcovado Sugar, in hhds. and bbls.
New-York prime Beef and Pork
Loaf Sugar, in hhds.
Cadiz Salt
Coffee, in bags

September 17. d

SHIP
UNITED STATES,
J. M. SPEAKE,
Arrived at Liverpool, in perfect ſafety, after a paſſage of 26 days; and expected to ſail about the beginning of Auguſt, with FALL GOODS, for *Alexandria* and *George-Town*. She may be expected by the 20th inſtant, and as we are deſirous of giving her diſpatch ſo as to place her at Liverpool for an early ſhip next ſpring, for this river, we will either charter, or take in part freight to a convenient port in *France*, or to *Cowes* and a *Market*, or LIVERPOOL DIRECT. Apply to
Rickets, Newton & Co.

September 4. d

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of the United States for the fifth circuit in the Virginia diſtrict, pronounced at the May term, 1803, in behalf of ROBERT BIRD againſt *Joſiah Watſon* and *John Love*; will be ſold to the higheſt bidder for ready money,

AN ESTATE or PLANTATION, in the county of Prince-William, called *Buckland*—and one in the county of Weſtmoreland, called *Chantilly*; for the purpoſe of raiſing the ſum of twelve thouſand dollars with intereſt thereon, to be computed after the rate of five per centum per annum, from the 10th day of November, 1795; and the further ſum of nine thouſand four hundred and ſifty four dollars and eighty eight cents, with like intereſt, to be computed from the 10th day of May, 1798.

The ſale of the above-mentioned eſtates will be made on the premiſes; that of Buckland to take place on the 14th day of October next—from which only the ſum of eight thouſand three hundred and forty-ſix dollars, with intereſt, at ſix per centum per annum, to be computed from the 25th day of July, 1797, and the expence of ſale thereof is to be raiſed, and the reſidue from that called Chantilly, the ſale of which will take place on the 16th day of the ſame month.

Benjamin Moſby, D. M.
FOR
Joſeph Scott, M. V. D.

September 5. dt14th Oct.

Mutual Inſurance Office,

RICHMOND, Sept. 5th, 1805.

THE members of the Mutual Inſurance Company againſt *Fire on Goods and Furniture* in the ſtate of Virginia, are hereby notified that a ſecond full quota is found to be neceſſary, and is hereby called for, to be paid by each member of this company to the caſhier-general on or before the firſt day of October next.

The members of this company will be pleaſed to take notice, that all who fail to comply with this requiſition will ceaſe to be inſured after the day fixed on for the payment of the ſaid quota until payment is made. And in order to place this inſtitution on a reſpectable footing, it is deemed neceſſary to motion immediately againſt all delinquents—ſo that no indulgence need be expected after the firſt day of October next.

Benjamin Du-Val, Preſident.

PRINTING, *in its various branches, handſomely executed at this office.*

Diſſolution of Copartnerſhip.

THE Copartnerſhip hitherto ſubſiſting under the firm of *Joſeph Riddle & Co.* of Alexandria, was diſſolved the firſt inſtant, by mutual conſent: All perſons that are indebted to, or that have claims on the ſame, are requeſted to come forward and ſettle, as it is deſirable to cloſe the concern as ſoon as poſſible. Thoſe whoſe accounts are of long ſtanding are particularly requeſted to attend to this notice, and make payments to either of the ſubſcribers.

JOSEPH RIDDLE,
Of Alexandria.
JAMES DALL,
Of Baltimore.

September 18. tf

RYE WHISKEY.

50 barrels ſtrong and fine flavored Rye Whiskey,
A few hogſheads prime retailing Molaſſes,
20 1-8 cheſts Young Hyſon Tea, of a very ſuperior quality,
Aſſorted Patent Shot, and a variety of Britiſh Gunpowder, from F to treble battle—with a general aſſortment of Liquors and Groceries—
FOR SALE, by
Mandeville & Jameſon.

September 18.

Ground-Rents for Sale.

ON THURSDAY, the 4th day of October next, between the hours of twelve and one, will be Sold, to the higheſt bidder, for *ready money*, at the Coffee-Houſe, two ſeparate Ground-Rents, ſecured by valuable Lots in this town, for £.20 17 3 Virginia Currency.

J. H. Hooe, Aſſignee
of the eſtate of *John Gill*—a bankrupt.

September 5. dtf

FOR SALE,

A few likely NEGROES.
For terms, apply to
BENJAMIN DULANY,
Who will offer at Public Sale, on the *firſt of November* next, at his plantation near the Falls Church,
All his Stock & Farming Utenſils,
of every deſcription,
On a credit of 6 months—the purchaſers giving bond with good ſecurity for the payment.

September 5. dtf

NOTICE.

The ſubſcriber, adminiſtrator to the eſtate and effects of *Eugene Hanly*, deceaſed, requeſts all perſons who have claims againſt the eſtate, to bring them forward, legally authenticated, for ſettlement; and thoſe indebted will pleaſe to make immediate payment.

William Oxley.

Auguſt 14. d

LAND for SALE.

I have about 10000 acres of Land, equal to any in the ſtate of Kentucky, lying near Lexington, which I will ſell a great bargain; the title indiſputable, and an old military one. The terms of the ſale will be made low, and a very lengthy credit given on a conſiderable part of the purchaſe money. Thoſe gentlemen who intend to ſettle in the ſtate, and who wiſh to purchaſe, may find it their intereſt to call upon me. I have the certificate of the hon. *John Brackenridge*, Eſq. and others, ſhewing the title, ſituation, quality, quantity and value of this property.

John Luke.

Auguſt 5. dtf

Forty Dollars *Reward*,

For apprehending and ſecuring in any gaol in the United States, ſo that I get him again,
Negro ABNER;

HE is a ſtout, ſtrong, and active fellow; underſtands plantation buſineſs well and is a good ſhoemaker; he is about 32 years old, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high; he has ſome old ſcars from a whip which he received ſeventeen years ago for running away; he has been my property ever ſince and I do not recollect that he has ever been corrected ſince, although often deſerved it; he has a mother in Fauquier county, Virginia, the property of Mr. John Bronaught, and I have been informed he was ſeen on the road enquiring for ſaid place, with a paſs ſetting forth that he was a free man, and my name affixed to ſome of them, all of which are forgeries; and I will give a farther reward of Forty Dollars to any perſon that will inform me of the perſon or perſons guilty of the forgery, provided they are convicted of the ſame. The above ſlave went off 28th July, 1805.

THOMAS WEST,

Auguſt 14. d

Alexander Smith & Son

Have juſt received from on board the brig Maria, from Liſbon,
72 boxes of LEMONS,
In uncommon good order.
They alſo keep, as uſual,
Sugar, in hhds. and barrels
Jamaica Rum, in hhds.
Loaf and Lump Sugar
New-England Rum, in barrels
Salt, of different kinds
Imperial and Young Hyſon Teas
Whiſkey, by the hhd. and barrel
And other GROCERIES, as uſual; all of which they will ſell low for cash, or exchange for country produce.

N. B. We alſo continue to keep a complete aſſortment of BOLTING CLOTHS, and ſelect the beſt FLOUR for family uſe, and will give the higheſt price for FLAX-SEED.

September 19. d4w

The Subſcriber has juſt Received,

And now offers for Sale, at his Store in King ſtreet;
A few hundred weight ſoft ſhelled Almonds; 32 boxes Liſbon Sweatmeats, of a ſuperior quality, and a large aſſortment of Liſbon Baſkets of various ſizes.
In addition to the above, he has alſo on hand,
A complete aſſortment of CONFECTIONARY,
All of which he will ſell either by wholeſale or retail, remarkably low for caſh.

Matthew Eakin.

September 19. dtf

☞ *NOTICE.*

THE late Copartnerſhip of *Bennett & Watts*, is diſſolved by mutual conſent, on the 31ſt of Auguſt laſt. All thoſe indebted, will pleaſe make payment to *Charles Bennett*, to whom the debts are aſſigned, and thoſe having claims will apply to him for payment.

Charles Bennett,
John Watts.

September 16. d3w

Jamaica Rum for Sale.

FOR SALE,
A few puncheons 4th proof Jamaica Rum.

James Sanderſon.

Auguſt 26. d

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE Truſtees of the town of PROVIDENCE, having thought it expedient to poſtpone the Sale of the ſeveral LOTS in the ſaid town, advertiſed for ſale on *this day*, until MONDAY the 21ſt day of October next—*Notice therefore is given*, That the ſaid Truſtees will, on that day, proceed to expoſe to PUBLIC SALE, for ready money, the ſeveral LOTS in the ſaid town, agreeable to the act of aſſembly eſtabliſhing the ſame.

Charles Little,
W. Payne,
Richard Fitzhugh,
H. Gunnel, jun.
Wm. Middleton,
Daniel McChicheſter,
Francis Coſſer,
Daniel Lewis,
John C. Hunter.

MONDAY, the 19th day of Auguſt, 1805. } (29) d

FOR SALE,

IN PRINCE-WILLIAM COUNTY,
Neabſco Furnace, and its Appendages, with 4 or 5000 acres of Land adjoining,

NEAR the town of Dumfries, and within four miles of the Potomac. The ſoil is generally adapted to the produce of ſmall grain—and, if too conſiderable for one purchaſer, will be laid off in lots ſuitable for ſmall farms. A deſcription of the land is thought unneceſſary, as thoſe wiſhing to purchaſe will, no doubt, firſt view it. The payments required will be one-third caſh, and the balance in two annual inſtalments, to be ſecured by a mortgage on the land, and no deed will be made until the laſt payment is complied with. Any perſon wiſhing to purchaſe, may know the terms by applying to Mr. *Thomas T. Page*, living near the premiſes; who is fully authoriſed by me, to ſell the whole or any part.

John Tayloe.

Mount Airy, Auguſt 12. dgm

N. B. A valuable *Mine Bank*, Maryland, may be had with the Furnace.

POLITICAL ESSAYS

On the essential and distinctive qualities of Democracies and Republics, with reference to the Constitution of the United States.

FROM THE BALTIMORE REPUBLICAN, OR ANTI-DEMOCRAT.

ESSAY XV.

"It was not from the repudiated and pernicious subtlety of Aristotle, that we were to deduce principles that were calculated for the happiness of the whole society."
AURORA, *August* 30, 1803.

As the ancient governments have long ceased to exist, it will not, it is presumed, be denied by men of science, that whatever information the moderns may possess, in relation to the histories, names, kinds, and characteristic qualities, of those governments, is wholly derived, and can be derived only, from the writings of the ancients.

Consequently, these writings *must contain the best evidence on all points.*

Among the ancients who have written expressly on government, Aristotle is the most extensive in information, and profound in judgment. This great man drew his knowledge of government, from a careful examination of the theory and practice of upwards of two hundred commonwealths (61). Grotius assigns him the first station among philosophers, whether "estimated by the perspicuity of his method, the acuteness of his distinctions, or the weight and solidity of his arguments"; (62)—and Locke, the first place among the writers on government. The testimony of the latter comes with peculiar weight, as it is given to a friend a in aprivate communication, and under circumstances when the mind may be considered most free from prejudice. The reverend Mr. King requested Mr. Locke to favor him with a plan of reading on politics, for the use of a young gentleman. Mr. Locke, in his answer to the request, observes—"To proceed orderly in this, the foundation should be laid in inquiring into the ground and nature of civil society, and how it is formed into *different forms of government;* and what are the several species of it. Aristotle is allowed a master in this science, and few enter upon the consideration of government, without reading his politics." (63)

But Aristotle is not a favorite with "the Editor". The weight of his evidence, it would seem, alarmed him. He is therefore charged with various *crimes*, and acts of *baseness* and *turpitude*.

"He was selected, he exclaims in the number from which our text is taken, as the tutor of Alexander, by the tyrant that destroyed Greece, would seem to be an indifferent evidence to produce on an impartial investigation, into the principles or efficacy of free government. He who was repudiated by Plato would seem to be at least suspicious. Besides *Denochares* [Demochares] accused him of an attempt to betray others, and that his letters for the purpose were intercepted, and for which he fled from popular indignation. This attempt has been questioned, but a more heinous atrocity is admitted, he betrayed his native country, Stagyra, to the Macedonians, and when Olynthus was taken by Philip, he had the execrable baseness to point out to the tyrant his former friends, the most wealthy of the Olynthians, as objects of plunder. Hoary-headed error is no longer sacred. The opinion of such an authority cannot be cited, with moral consistency, against any form of government; even when he states facts, we are bound to doubt unless better authority corroborates him."

After this manner is the profoundest thinker of all antiquity treated; the man esteemed and respected through so many centuries, by schoolmen, divines, and politicians; the man extalled by Grotius and recommended by Locke, as a fit guide and director to youth, in the science of government. And by whom is the citizen of Stagyra thus aspersed? By an unknown writer or "The Editor" of a public paper, which for years has been chiefly, and almost daily devoted to the execrable employment of obscuring truth, propogating revolutionary principles, and vilifying those most to whom their country is most indebted. The spirit of delusion the wildest effort of democracy only, could conceive the idea, that a philosopher loses all pretentions to veracity, merely because he had educated a prince. How greatly did the author of Telemachus, the good bishop of Cambary, err, in undertaking this task!

(61) Paricius, vol. 3.
(62) Grotius, on war and peace. Preface.
(63) Letter to Rev. Wm. King, july 5, 1702

Was Aristotle indeed an infamous character? Was he guilty of the enormities wherewith he here stands accused? A summary of the most remarkable facts in the life of this great man, will be the best refutation of these calumnies.

Aristotle was born in the first year of the 99th Olympiad, in Stagyra, a city on the coast of Thrace, in the neighborhood of Mount Athos, upon the Strymonick Gulph (64). He lost his parents, from whom he inherited a large fortune, almost in his childhood, and was brought up by Proxenus of Atarneus, a city of Mysia, opposite the island of Lesbos (65).

The care which Proxenus bestowed upon his education seems to have made a lasting impression on Aristotle, in whose character gratitude formed a predominant feature. He not only honored the memory of the guardian of his youth with a statue, but he instructed his son Nicanor in the liberal sciences, adopted him, and with his estate, bequeathed to him his daughter Pythias. (66).

At the age of seventeen Aristotle went to Athens, attracted by the love of learning, and the desire of hearing Plato in the academy, the best school of science as wel as morals then existing in the world (67). Being recommended to Plato, he became his disciple, and lived with him twenty years; even *until his death* (68). The preceptor appears to have very early noticed his talents, and to have esteemed him highly. The powers of the young Aristotle's mind were such, that he was wont to call him "the soul of the school" (69): and and when he chanced not to be present at any of his lectures, would say "the philosopher of truth is absent" [70]. Such too was the unexampled industry of Aristotle, in perusing and copying manuscripts, that Plato, from this circumstance, would frequently call his own house, "the house of the great reader," and would often say, "let us go to the great reader's house." [71]

Soon after Plato's death, Aristotle, in testimony of the extraordinary affection he bore him, erected a monument to his memory, with the following inscription.

To Plato's sacred name this tomb is rear'd,
A name by Aristotle long rever'd:
Far hence, ye vulgar herd, nor dare to stain
With impious praise, this ever-hallow'd fane.

But besides this mark of respect for his memory, he speaks of him in some of his latest writings, with a degree of respect approaching to reverence; he composed, also, an oration in his praise, which comprehended an account of his life; and he highly extolled him in his elegies to Eudemus [72]

Plato died in the first year of the 108th Olympiad, Aristotle being then thirty-seven years of age. After the death of him whose fame had drawn him to Athens, he returned to Aterneus, the city in which he had spent the happy years of his youth, under the kind protection of Proxenus. (73)

Atarneus and Assus were then governed, in the language of those days, by the *tyrant* Hermias, who had been the fellow disciple of Aristotle under Plato, and who had a particular esteem for him, which time cemented into unalterable friendship.—Hermias received him with every testimony of love and respect (74). Here he remained three years, prosecuting his philosophical researches. At the close of this his fellow student and sovereign, was deprived of his crown, by the perfidy of Mentor, a Greek in the service of Artaxerxes, and hanged, as a traitor, by order of that prince.

To avoid the punishment that fell on the ambition of his friend, Aristotle, by a seasonable flight, escaped to the isle of Lesbos, with Pythias, the kinswoman, or, according to some, the sister of Hermias, a woman of extraordinary virtue, and the adopted heiress of the king of Assus and Atarneus, now reduced to povery and distress.

Aristotle placed a statue of his friend in the temple of Delphos, and married Pythias, who died soon after leaving him an infant daughter, whom he named after a beloved wife, who had repaid his affection with the most tender sensibility. "It was her last request, that when Aristotle should die, (which might the fates long avert!) her own bones might be disinterred, & inclosed within the tomb of her admired husband." (75)

After two years residence in the isle of Lesbos, where he enjoyed the greatest felicity, and experienced the keenest grief, our philosopher, induced, as it is presumed, by the repeated solicitations of Philip of Macedon, bade it a solemn farewell, escaped the dangers of the Athenian fleet, which then carried on war against Macedon, and arrived at the court of Pella, to take charge of the education of Alexander. (76)

In this employment Aristotle spent near eight years; during which period he enjoyed the rare advantage of giving the highest satisfaction to Philip and his queen, the proud Olympia, both of whom honoured him with high marks of distinction and confidence; while in their son, his pupil, he excited the warmest gratitude (77)—Philip, Alexander would say, gave me life, but Aristotle taught me how to live. (78)

(64) Appollodorus. Dion Halicarn.
In Brucker's life of Aristotle, drawn up by Enfield, Stagyra is stated to have been, at the time of his birth, subject to Philip of Macedon.
(65) Ammonius five Philoponius in Vit. Arist.
(66) Laert. Ammon. Dion. Hal.
(67) Ammon, vit. Arist.
(68) Laert. 5. 9.
(69) Diog. Laert in Arist.
(70) Vit. Interp. apud Nunnes.
(71) Laert. 10. 26.
(72) Olmp. Comment. in Georg. Plat.
(73) Laert. l. c.
(74) Diog, Laert.
(75) Diog. Laert.
(76) Diom. Halicar. Let. to Ammacus.
(77) Plut. Vit. Alexander, and Adv. Colot.
(78) Idem.

SALEM, September 19.

The last accounts from Europe assure us that the past system of our commerce is no considered by the British nation as lawful and that constant depredations are made upon our commercial interest. It is not our office to repeat the complaints of the sufferers, or to justify the former system which has been so long practised without offence. The fact evidently is, that aware of no dangers from such a course our commerce has been conducted upon the right of carrying out from America whatever has been lawfully imported into it for future exportation as soon as it became American property in our own ports, and that by the construction of the supposed law of nations, now adopted by the British nation, that no such liberty exists, our commerce is exposed to every oppression. What the proper remedy may be, is not a question belonging to us; we can report the facts with all the alarming apprehensions which attend them. Unprovided for such a construction, every part of our commerce is exposed to danger, and what we are to expect is not a trifling evil, if we may judge from our former sufferings.—Reports of capture continue to reach us, of which a detail will belong to our marine articles. In regard to the negociations of Russia with France, no doubts are entertained that for the present they are at an end. The plea drawn from the conduct of the French emperor in Italy, is retorted upon the emperor of Russia who is incessantly adding to his empire. The objects of the expeditions into the West Indies have not yet been explained.

The exultations of the French upon premature accounts of their operations and the bold designs attributed to the expeditions by the English, are not sufficient to explain the causes of these extraordinary movements. The engagement off the coast of Spain has not in the last hour contributed to the joys of full success. If marine skill was the first object, it has not been displayed. The great attention to marine affairs has terminated in many important experiments, from which assistance will be derived. Not only in the construction but in the management of ships, has ability been displayed. It is announced from the English that a new method of reefing the sails of a ship, will enable two men to reef the main-sail of a first rate ship, more easily than forty could do it in the former method. —According to our last acccounts from the West Indies, orders are issued to restrain the privateers which have appeared on those seas from the French ports of St. Domingo. And some regulations are adopted to prevent the advantages taken by the vessels which are employed in the Gulph Stream, to assist distressed vessels such vessels as belong to the Bahama Islands will be obliged to give an account of all their property, and it is recommended that in all dealings with them, exact accounts should be required. Upon the continent of Europe, no circumstances appear from which a change of political relations can be predicted. It is expected that the restoration of the power in Sernia to the Greeks will for the present relieve that unhappy country. This policy, it is well known is not new in those countries. The following statement from Fontanelle's translation of Abesci, will explain it.

"If Constantinople had no other inhabitants than the Turks, it could not be so well peopled as at present.—The Greeks, the Armenians and Jews form a considerable part of its population.—The Greeks are most numerous, and tho' they have not the confidence of the Turkish government, as a nation, they still preserve as individuals, an influence at court, as well as in the city, and hold privileges which are not granted to any other christians who are subjects to the Ottoman Empire. The governments of Moldavia and Wallachia are always granted to the Greeks who exercise in these provinces a sovereign authority almost independently of the Porte. It is not easy to give an account of the intrigues which are used by the best Greek families to obtain these governments and of their conduct in them. Experience has proved few of those who gain them die a natural death. In fact, their despotism, their avarice, their distrust of the Porte, and abuse of power in aims at independence, furnish very plausible excuses for their destruction.

A few years ago we saw the head of a prince of Moldavia upon the gate of the Seraglio, for no other crime, than that he was in esteem by the Russians. The Dragomans of the Porte, and of all the frontier towns, are Greeks. The Turks find that to satisfy their vanity in some public employments, is the best way to make them endure slavery without complaint, and without a wish to change masters." The last orders of the Greeks were in favor of the full power of the Greeks, while the Turks had orders to quit the government.

In Sweden we are informed, that the privileges of their India Company cease with the current year, and that their trade will be open to the subjects of the kingdom. We have not the royal order which determines this change. The Military parade of the present prince has subjected him to censure, in the present state of his kingdom even in England. The part he has taken has not concealed the imperfections in the policy of this kingdom. The new Government of Lucca, in Italy, was in operation on the first of July last. It makes little change in the domestic affairs.

At home the spread of the Autumnal Fever in Philadelphia and New York has given great alarm in these cities, and has occasioned many of the Inhabitants to remove, especially from New York. The Bill of Mortality, as given from New York for the first week of September, was 64. 30 adults and 24 children. Seven of fever. In Philadelphia, on 10th September, were 13 new cases. On that day all the deaths were 28; 22 adults and 6 children. Pugnet, in describing the kindred disease in Egypt, says, that we begin to consider the sick out of danger after the 7th day. If they fail afterwards, we have blamed the sufferers; and even then the malady does not preserve its natural character. To direct the treatment of the fever, he particularly regarded the concomitant fever. The nervous fever is the most fatal. The putrid fever admits more hope, but he lost none by the inflammatory fever.

BALTIMORE, September 26.

Arrived, brig Hunt, Dinsmore, 20 days from Point Petre, Guadaloupe.

Also, brig Union, Besse, 16 days from Nassau, N. P. Left schooner ——, Berson, of Boston, sloop Polly, Freeman, of N. York, put in in distress, ready for sea in a few days; Adelino, Strong, of Norfolk for Cavanas, bound home, sent in by the sloop of war Stork, ——, waiting trial. The sloops Richard and Mary, Robinson, from Charleston for Havanna, got on shore on Ebboo Key 22 days, vessel and cargo lost, passengers and crew saved and arrived at Nassau. Passed in the bay, schr. Roby, Stivers, from Surinam, and a ship and brig bound up.

September 27.

By the Union, captain Besse, arrived last evening in 16 days from Nassau, we received from our correspondent our file of the Royal Gazette to the 6th instant, and a proof sheet, dated the 10th, which mentions the loss of the brig Henry and Ann, captain Devoll, from the Havanna, bound to New York, and Minerva, captain Brookings, from Havanna, bound to Charleston, on Florida, on the 30th ult. The former vessel was lost, and all the cargo, except 37 boxes of sugar: cables, rigging, and sails saved; with the crew. The latter was soon after the accident fell in with by the wreckers and got off, and was hourly expected to arrive at Nassau; crew and cargo saved. The sloop Polly, captain Freeman (belonging to John Haff and Whitlock, of New York) from thence to Cuba, put into Nassau, in distress, having experienced a hurricane on the 20th of August, in lat. 29, long. 30, which upset the vessel, and obliged them to cut away the mast to right her.

The schooner Adeline, capt. N. Strong of and bound from Cavannas to Norfolk, with sugar, on the 29th August, was chased and boarded by his Britannic majesty's ship Stork, and sent into Nassau. It is

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stated that she had sold her cargo at the Havanna, and proceeded to Cavannas for this sugar, and that the captain had gone by land to the Havanna to clear out, as coming from the Havanna.

NATCHEZ, Aug. 16.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Natchitoches, to the Editors, dated June 4, 1805.

"On the 11th ult. his *illustrious highness* the *Bishop of Montrey*, arrived at this place; he travelled in a coach drawn by 6 mules, and had the top of a chariot suspended upon poles like a litter, and carried by two mules along, in which he occasionally rode; he had an escort of sixty cavalry a party of pioneers that went before and was followed by a large number of persons, mostly inhabitants of Nagadoches and St. Antonie. He had sixty mules particularly allotted for his carriage; which were changed frequently, and nearly as many packed with his baggage; he travelled 18 or 20 leagues a day; he wore the mitre and purple robe, appears about 45, is rather short and fat, of easy manners, facetious and agreeable in conversation, speaks nothing but Spanish and Latin, but reads French, and he surprised us all by the liberality of his sentiments or expressions. He is a European, was late confessor to the King and Queen of Spain, and is said to be a near relation of the prince of peace; he has been about 5 years in America, has jurisdiction over five provinces, with an income of fifty thousand dollars a year.

He stayed with us four days; we paid him all the attention our situation would admit; he appeared pleased; returned every civility politely, and left his benediction with us. There has been a variety of conjectures relative to the objects of his visit to this place; some have supposed it more of a political than an ecclesiastical nature, and it was generally thought he would make as good a general as a bishop; he carried with him a Theodolite for taking the latitude of places and mathematical instruments, as well as the instruments of his order; he was requested to take the latitude of Natchitoches, which he said he would do with pleasure; but he had lost some screws of the instrument that rendered it useless; he said he found Nagadoches in 41 deg. 15 min. or there abouts, which is somewhat S. of this place."

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28.

Quarantine.—Owing to numerous false reports in Europe; their ignorance of American geography, and the want of an established correspondence between the boards of health, in the two hemispheres, American vessels, from healthy as well as sick ports, are forced to perform a long and vexatious quarantine in various European ports.—— At Leghorn, all vessels from America 40 days. [*True American.*]

A gentleman lately from Marseilles, informs that the most current topic of conversation, at that place, was the projected partition of Switzerland, by France and some of the other neighboring potentates of Europe. The emperor Napoleon, it was said, was to have those parts which border on the French territory; while Austria, as a requital for her acquiescence in the plan, was to be put in possession of the Germanic cantons.

RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

Our last report appears then to be completly incorrect. The same paper which first circulated the intelligence that our negociation with Spain had arrived at an amicable conclusion, has now acknowledged its mistake. Once more then will hope be succeeded by fear; once more are we reduced to the necessity of collecting uncertain rumors, putting together the truths which they afford, and conjecturing the catastrophe of the present Drama.

Every day developes some new portion of the plot, and brings forward some new performer. It is not simply the Prince of Peace, and Messrs. Monroe and Pinckney at Madrid, nor the Marquis d'Yrujo and Mr. Madison at Philadelphia, who appear on the boards of the theatre; but now we have before us X, Y and Z of the Parisian plot; whom the Marquis d'Yrujo, like another subtle Talleyrand, is playing off for the consummation of his schemes. We could laugh at the mysterious agents of the Parisian plot, because though secret they were harmless; because though uncovered by the habiliments of authority, they had the art to impose upon the senses of our venerable ministers. Happy indeed may the learned agents of the Marquis d'Yrujo consider themselves to be, if a more solemn sentiment of indiguation does not animate the bosoms of their countrymen!

The game which the Spanish minister has played, was a deep, and we think the good sense of the people will go along with us when we declare, it was a disgraceful one. Not contented with the *justice* of his cause, if that cause can be called just, which the court of Madrid now maintains; not contented with the support which it might receive from the ablest courtiers and statesmen of Spain, he must condescend to invoke the advice and the aid of some of our own citizens. Can the *reason* of this mysterious deportment escape any one? It was that when our ministers might lay open at Madrid the grievances of their country and demand the ratification of the convention of 1802, the Spanish minister might unfurl the consecrated paper, and might say "accuse us not of interested views.—Think not that we are prevented by our own interests from perceiving the duties which are owing to you. For behold even your own people animated as they are by a love of their country, and most highly learned in the love of the law, have decided against you." We would speak as mildly of this affair, as the delicacy of the times would demand. We would wish to treat the minister of Spain at all times with respect and moderation, and surely at the present time we have no desire to intermeddle with his character, when the relations between the two countries are so wavering and precarious. But there is a subtelty in this transaction which deserves not to be palliated nor concealed; there is such a diplomatic trick, a recourse to such illiberal expedients, that we hope the indignation of our country will fall upon it.

Shall his subordinate agents in this plot escape our notice? Shall these convenient lawyers, who can disgrace their understanding by the delivery of such preposterous opinions and disgrace their principles by the receipt of such handsome douceurs, shall these gentlemen too escape the public indignation? We think not. They must have known when the abstract question was put to them by the Spanish minister, that their opinions would be made use of to the prejudice of their country. The convention was ratified by the Senate in August 1802, and it was in November of the same year, that their opinions were consulted.——They might have known that had their opinions been favorable to the Spanish cause, the court of Madrid would probably refuse to ratify the convention. And what then? The claims of our injured merchants, would pass off without compensation. In spite however of these inevitable suggestions, these gentlemen of the long robe, pretending to decide a great political question by prepecents of law, thurst themselves rudely in the way of their government, embarrass its operations, mar its honest exertions, and perhaps drive it into a war. This certainly is not treason but there is a something about it which strikes every patriot with indignation.

If no more experienced hand will undertake it, we shall perhaps attempt to analyse the preposterous opinion which they have thought proper to advance.

(Richmond Enquirer.)

To the Editor of the Alexandria Advertiser.

SIR,

LAST evening while I was regaling myself with our parson and several of our friends and neighbors, over a mug of our new cyder, my *old woman* returned from town and handed me your paper of the 16th instant. In these times of domestic distress and calamity the foreign department of a newspaper has for me but little charms; I therefore hastily glanced it over in quest of occurrences *at our own doors*. Under the Alexandria head my attention was arrested with the letter of commodore B—— to Mr. E——. Read it, *verbatim et literatim*, said the parson: I read it in my best manner. Why truly, exclaimed the reverend divine, this seems to recommend a departure from the golden rule, "*To do unto others as we would that they should do unto us.*" It does not speak the language or feelings of a sailor, said my cousin *Grapling*, who had followed the sea in his younger years. No, no, replied my neighbor *Pinckbeck*—who, by the bye, is a *huge* politician—it is evidently from the same *manufactory* with the *answer* to the *New-Haven remonstrance*: it is only another instance of Punic faith. Poh, poh, said my friend *Pascal, we must not keep any kind of faith with heretics!* To this the parson seemed to nod assent, and I, in a fit of desperation, seized the cyder mug with the one hand, and drank *to honor and honesty*, and with the other threw your newspaper into the fire; for which rash act I am now heartily sorry, as my wife tells us there was a great deal in it about your *town council* and your *board of health*; and that it had been determined to put *to death, or fine* (she is uncertain which) any member of the board who should refuse in future to act; also to put in execution strictly the police laws against delinquents on account of "*existing circumstances.*" Now, sir, as I am deeply interested in the welfare of the town, I feel extremely anxious to know what these *existing circumstances* are. My wife tells me that it cannot be sickness, for sister *Bridget*, who lives in the most unhealthy part of the town, and knows *every body*, says that *every body* is in their usual health. Our parson gives it as his opinion (which between ourselves is not much to be depended upon in temporal matters) that we may fairly *conjecture* the existing circumstances to be the extreme warm weather, accompanied with a great deal of moisture, which must produce the rapid decomposition of such dead animal and vegetable substances as are exposed to their action. Farmer *Pinchbeck* insists the expression must allude to the scarcity of money, and the streets being in a more dirty situation, *for the want of it*, than they have been for two years back. I do not know well what to say to it; but it appears to me that nothing should be left to *conjecture* in matters of such a serious cast. I am the more surprised at it as I have hitherto had much confidence in the *superlative* talents and *penetration* of your present *Sanhedrim*. *Pinchbeck* cannot be right; for want of money surely need not prevent the streets and alleys from being kept sufficiently clean; for if there is a power to make a man serve as a member of the board of health, *contrary to his inclination*, or subject him to punishment for refusal, the same power must compel a man to sweep the streets *without fee or reward*; and numbers of lusty, idle young fellows may be picked up at every tavern, especially on a *Sunday* morning, who cannot go to church, as they are so much confined to sedentary employments throughout the week that they must use that day for exercise! Now, to such, the dexterous management of a *broom* and *shovel* would prove *excellent exercise*, as it would tend not only to promote *perspiration*, but also *expectoration*: these would naturally produce *thirst*, to *satisfy* which seems to be one of their chief *amusements* on that day, and this they might be permitted to indulge in, to a moderate degree, provided it was done at their own, or their masters' expence, as usual: Besides, it would inure them to habits of industry and toil, and prepare them for misfortune: for as the immortal Shakespeare has justly observed,

"Oft expectation fails, and most oft there
"Where most it promises; and oft it hits
"Where hope is coldest, and despair most fits."

Adieu!

BARNABY BRAMBLE.

Fairfax county, Sept. 17, 1805.

NOTICE.

THE Common Council will meet on Thursday next, the 3d of October, for the purpose of appointing a Superintendant of the Watch. Applications in writing to be made to the President.

Alexandria, September 28 3t

The Subscriber

MOST respectfully acquaints his Friends, and the Public generally, that *on the 1st day of next month he intends to open an*

OYSTER HOUSE,

where he at present resides, on King street, a few doors west of Washington street, where gentlemen can be supplied at any time with OYSTERS, served up in whatever manner they may think proper to order them—and,

Where is there, by Land or Water,
A nicer morcel than an OYSTER.

He also intends to entertain generally, for which purpose he will at all times be supplied with Liquors of a superior quality, and the best Provisions the market will afford; and as it is his determination to use every effort to give satisfaction,

He hopes the color of his face
Will his calling never disgrace,
But that his conduct and attention
Will be a means to gain him custom.

The Public's most humble servant,

JAMES HAMMOND.

Alexandria, September 28 co3t

N. B. As a new beginner, I hope gentlemen will not expect credit. My capital is very limited, notwithstanding which, it is my determination to go in debt to no person, I consequently cannot afford to credit. J. H.

The Subscriber

HAS FOR SALE AT HIS STORE,

Soft-shelled Almonds by the bale or retail.

Large Oranges, Limes, Lemons, and excellent Rhode Island Cheese.

AND

A General assortment of GROCERIES.

A. WILLIS.

Sept. 27. 6t.

FRESH FRUIT.

Excellent ORANGES
Uncommon large LIMES
TAMARINDS
Soft shelled ALMONDS
RAISINS in boxes
And several other FRUITS
And GROCERIES as usual.

T. SIMMS.

Who has To Rent,

THAT commodious Front and Back HOUSE, with a large LOT, corner of Cameron and Pitt streets, a little above Mr. John Gadsby's hotel. Possession may be had on the 12th October, ensuing.

ALSO,

The HOUSE in Prince street, next door to Mrs. Potter—it is a good stand for business, and 61 feet building on the lot, with a good cellar, which I would sell low for West Ind a produce.

September 28 co3t

WANTED,

A MALE and FEMALE servant, accustomed to *Cooking*. Apply to the PRINTER.

September 28. d

JAMES R. RIDDLE,

Has received by the late arrivals at Baltimore, a part of his

FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

FINE and coarse cloths, finishings, coatings, flannels, baizes, halfthicks, kerseys, striped cottons, ruse and stripped blankets——ALSO—

One bale Elegant CARPETING.

All of which being imported *direct* from the manufactories, will be found proportionably cheap.

September 27. oc3t

HOUSE AND LOTS for Sale,

UPON POTOMACK;

Situated at the lower part, and within the limits of the town of Alexandria.

The house is built in the cottage style, calculated for the accommodation of a small family, but so planned as to admit of considerable enlargement without effecting its uniformity. It commands a fine view of the river and its adjacent country. The garden, principally in front, is rich and in high cultivation, extending to the water, which it approaches by semi circular falls. The lot attached to the house is 63 feet fronting upon Water street, (corner of Jefferson street) running into the channel. More ground may be obtained if required.

In the same range, and to the southward of the above, are several Lots, similarly situated as to advantages and prospect, calculated for neat small buildings. The whole or any part of the above property may be obtained by purchase upon reasonable terms, either in fee simple or under a light ground rent. A clear title free from every incumbrance will be given upon the payment of the sum agreed for, and a liberal credit allowed if required. Mr. *Yates*, residing upon the shore, below Keith's wharf, and adjoining the premises, will shew the property, and a line directed to Doctor *Hamilton*, post-office, Alexandria, will meet with immediate attention.

September 21. 3tawtm

TO LET,

The Store and Cellar, lately occupied by Mr. *James Wilson*, deceased. They will be let either with or without the dwelling-house, as may be most convenient to the person who may be inclined to become a tenant. Apply to Mrs. *Eliza Willson* or *R. I. Taylor*.

September 4. 3tawtf

Valuable Property for Sale.

On the 10th day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, will be Sold on a long credit, at public vendue, on the premises,

THAT large STONE WAREHOUSE on the corner of Wolfe and Union streets; one half of a Ground Rent of £.131 18/. arising out of the Distill-house immediately opposite; one half of the Wharf that was built by general Roberdeau, and a number of Vacant Lots on Water, Wolfe, and Union streets.

The property will be shown to any person applying to the subscriber.

THOMAS PATTEN.

August 19. 6w

Leonard-Town Races.

THE *Leonard-Town Jockey Club* RACES, are the 15th and 16th of October next.—The first day's is for FORTY GUINEAS, and the second for TWENTY GUINEAS, agreeable to the rules of said club.

By order,

E. J. MILLARD. *Sec'y.*

August 26. 22w7t

NOTICE.

THE administration of the estate of JAMES WILSON, deceased, having been committed to the Subscribers by the Orphans' Court of the county of Alexandria, they hereby require all those indebted to the said estate to make immediate payment of their respective debts; and those who have claims against the estate, to exhibit them as early as possible, properly authenticated.

Eliza Wilson,
R. I. Taylor.

August 12. 3tawtf

WANTED,

A YOUNG MAN, who has been regularly bred to the *Dry Good buſineſs*—To ſuch a one coming well recommended, a liberal ſalary will be given. Apply to THE PRINTER.

Sept. 25. diw.

A GARDENER WANTED.

A GARDENER, who can bring teſtimonials of character, and ſkill in his profeſſion, will meet immediate imployment and liberal wages—A German with a wife who underſtands ſpinning and the care of a dary would be preferred. He is wanted to reſide on a farm two miles from Alexandria—Application may be made to Dr. STEWART, Aſpinr Hall.

Sept. 25. d7t

JOSEPH RIDDLE

Has Received by the Ceres and other ſhips lately arrived at Baltimore, a conſiderable part of his

FALL GOODS;

Which are now opening at his ſtore in Fairfax ſtreet, and daily expects an additional ſupply in the United States from Liverpool.

September 23. d

A NEW NOVEL.

Juſt Publiſhed, by COTTOM *and* STEWART, *and for Sale, at their Store,*

[PRICE ONE DOLLAR 75 CENTS.]

Fleetwood:

OR,

The NEW MAN of FEELING.

By WILLIAM GODWIN.

September 18. d

STOP THE THIEF!

Forty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from my employ on Monday the 9th inſtant, *BENNET HILL*, about twenty years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, remarkably well made, dark ſhort hair, fair complexion—took with him

A cheſnutt ſorrel Mare,

Branded with a ſmall heart on her ſhoulder and buttock, about fourteen hands high, heavy made, a plated ſnaffle bridle, a ſaddle and pair of ſaddle bags; took a dark drab colored home made great coat, conſiderably too long for him; alſo a drab colored broad cloth coat, a pair of mixt ſtriped cotton overalls, one pair of black velvet do.; a ſtriped calico jacket with ſleeves, a ſtriped yellow caſſimere waiſtcoat with pearl buttons, and a new fur hat. Whoever takes up ſaid runaway and mare, and delivers them to the ſubſcriber, living in Hardy county, ſhall receive the above reward, or thirty dollars for the thief and ten for the Mare, paid by me.

Joſeph Van Meter.

Sept. 26. eo3t.

CHARLES BENNETT

Has Imported per the ſhip Perſewerance, from London, via Baltimore, the following Goods, which will be found and for Sale in a few days:

Superfine Cloths and Kerſeymeres, of ſuperior quality

Faſhionable Waiſtcoating, conſiſting of Imperial clouded Brunſwick Swanſdowns, Check Vigona do. Beaverſett Toilenetts, Welted Quiltings, &c. &c.

Elaſtic Suſpenders

Iriſh Linens and Sileſias

Seine and Sewing Twine

Superfine and common Shoe Thread, &c. &c.

Beſt FF and battle Gunpowder.

He daily expects per the United States, from Liverpool, a general aſſortment of Woolens, Hoſiery, and Manchestry.

Sptember 24. eo3w

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of truſt from *John Norwood*, to the ſubſcriber, will be expoſed to public auction, on Saturday the 28th of September 1805,

A Lot of Ground,

Situate on the ſouth ſide of King ſtreet, extending on ſaid ſtreet, 63 feet five inches, and running back 176 feet 7 inches. On ſaid lot are 3 well finiſhed two ſtory frame houſes, with the neceſſary back buildings. A credit of 3, 12, 18 and 24 months, will be allowed, on the purchaſers giving their notes, with approved indorſers, negotiable in the bank of Alexandria.

Francis Peyton.

Sept. 6. eo3w.

Fifteen Dollars *Reward.*

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, in Alexandria, the 2d of September,

A Negro Woman, named *Grace*; about 18 or 19 years old—ſhe is of a yellow complexion and well ſet; from appearance it is ſuppoſed ſhe is far gone with child. The ſaid woman I purchaſed of a Mr. *H. Gunnell*, and ſaid Gunnell purchaſed her of a Captain Thomas Pollard, ſheriff of Fairfax county. Any perſon that will take up the ſaid Negro and ſecure her either in Alexandria or Fairfax jail, ſhall receive the above reward.

Alexander Brown.

September 16. eo2w

N. B. The above negro was ſold under execution, for a debt due from Thomazen Ellzey.

PUBLIC SALE.

PURSUANT to Deeds of Truſt from Philip Wanton to the ſubſcriber will be ſold on the premiſes, at public auction, at 11 o'clock, A. M. on the 5th day of October, enſuing,

Six Lots of Ground,

Handſomely ſituated on Stump-Hill, about two miles weſt from Alexandria, deſcribed in the plat of ſaid tract by the numbers 18, 19, 20, 23, 24, and 25, lying in one body, and contain about 36 acres, being ſubject to pay of the original purchaſe money two inſtalments due 2d January and 2d July paſt, in amount 597 13-100 dollars—The terms of truſt are CASH; but ſome credit will be allowed on ſatisfactory ſecurity.

In like manner, will be Sold,

In the town of *Centreville*, 25 miles from Alexandria, at 11 o'clock, on the 12th day of October next.

A valuable Lot of Ground, together with the improvements thereon; conſiſting of a good Frame Dwelling-Houſe, a Tannery of Vats, Bark-Houſe, &c. convenient for the tanning buſineſs.

Samuel Craig, *Truſtee.*

September 2. eotf

Valuable Property for Sale.

The ſubſcriber, anxious to cloſe his outſtanding concerns, without delay, *offers for ſale*, the following PROPERTY, viz.

His Houſes and Lot, on Oronoko and Waſhington ſtreets.

18 Acres of Ground, on the commons of Alexandria, near the powder-houſe.

His Wharf, with a Warehouſe upon it.

Fourteen Lots of Ground contignous to the wharf, on two of which are Framed Houſes.

Two Houſes and Lots on Prince-ſtreet, well ſituated for buſineſs.

A Houſe and Lot on King ſtreet, with a Warehouſe behind, on a public alley.

A Moiety of a three ſtory Brick Houſe on Water ſtreet and of a Lot adjoining—at preſent occupied by Doctor *Kennedy*.

A Lot of half an acre, ſouth-eaſt corner of Fairfax and Gibbon ſtreets.

A Lot on St. Aſaph's ſtreet, near Prince-ſtreet.

Two Lots on Queen and Waſhington ſtreets

An undivided fourth part of 19,000 acres of Land, in Spotſylvania county, on the Rappahannock river, a few miles above Frederickſburg and Falmouth. The advantages of this tract, in water carriage, mill-ſeats, an inexhauſtible quantity of iron ore of the firſt quality, wood, together with a flattering proſpect of pitt coal, are ſo great as to merit the attention of monied men. A company is about forming for the erection of iron-works, &c. upon this land, and if carried into effect, ten ſhares in the ſaid company will be diſpoſed of in lieu of the land.

4333 and one-third Acres of Land, in Bourbon county, (Kentucky), near Lexington; ſaid to be of excellent quality.

2847 and one-third Acres of Land, in Lincoln county, (Kentucky).

3709 Acres of Land, in Wood county, (Virginia).

15,000 Acres of Land, in Hardy county, (Virginia).

A Houſe and Lot, in Leeſburg.

A large quantity of Timber, conſiſting of cheſnut and other kinds, ſtanding near the Great Falls of Potomac; which may be conveniently tranſported by water to George-Town, Waſhington, and Alexandria.

Alſo—Sundry Ground-Rents in Alexandria.

To thoſe who wiſh to inveſt their money to advantage, or to whom the ſubſcriber may be indebted, he will make ſales on terms very beneficial to either, if ſpeedy application is made to him.

☞ He hereby gives notice to all perſons indebted to him, that if their accounts are not ſatisfactorily ſettled by the firſt of November next, ſuits will be commenced without reſpect to any.

WILLIAM WILSON.

September 11. eo13t

The Subſcriber

Wiſhes to RENT *or* SELL, *the following Property, on King-ſtreet, viz.*

THE CORNER STORE, lately occupied by himſelf—the ſtand is equal to any in town for a retail ſtore, and will be rented very cheap. Alſo, the HOUSE lately occupied by Doctor *Hall*; the houſe is very convenient and in good repair—this alſo will be rented a bargain if applied for immediately. For terms, apply to

THOMAS RICHARDS,

or in his abſence to Mrs. *Huſton*, living on the premiſes.

Auguſt 8. dtf

Juſt Publiſhed,

And for Sale by Cottom & Stewart,

A Key to Myſtery of Iniquity

OR AN

Addreſs to Men of Candor and lovers of Truth.

By JOHN WEST,

Of Fairfax County.

This work contains a compendium eccleſiaſtical hiſtory, accompanied with the author's reflections; proving *modern epiſcopacy* to be ſpurious, and human legiſlation in the Church to be uſurpation, &c. &c.

Goods at Firſt Coſt,

Will continue to be ſold, at the ſtore of the ſubſcriber, King ſtreet, (near the Indian Queen tavern) until the middle of October next, and attendance for that purpoſe given, from ten in the morning until two.

ALSO,

Some genteel houſehold furniture, and ſeveral hundred elegant engravings, by the moſt eminent artiſts.

This collection is worthy the attention of houſe keepers, or picture dealers as they will be offered in large or ſmall lots, either with or without frames,

A complete fowling piece, in a mahogany caſe, with every implement therein, for a ſportſman.

A variety of ſmall articles may be found among the ſtock in trade, ſuitable for country dealers, and a large quantity (juſt received) of

Dr. Stoughton's Genuine Bitters,

At a reduced price.

C. W. Janſen.

September 24. eo3t

FOR SALE,

Or to Let, for a Term of Years, or on Ground-Rent for ever,

Four valuable Lots, on the ſouth ſide of King-ſtreet, between Fayette and Henry-ſtreets; each lot fronting 20 feet on King-ſtreet, and running back 100 feet to a 12 feet alley.—The ſituation of this property is ſuch (being in one of the moſt thriving parts of the town) as to make the poſſeſſion of it very deſirable to any perſon having money to purchaſe, more eſpecially to dealers in country produce.

Alſo, for Sale,

A Houſe and Lot, on the ſouth ſide of King ſtreet, near Waſhington ſtreet, and oppoſite the ſtore of Mr. James Bacon. This ſituation is equal to any in town for buſineſs.

Likewiſe to Let, for the term of ten years,

An half-acre Lot on Duke and Pitt ſtreets, moſt eligibly ſituated for a Garden or Clover Lot, for which purpoſe *only* it would be rented. As manure has been thrown up in heaps upon it for ſeveral years the ground cannot but be as rich as could be wiſhed. For terms apply to Mr. *James Bacon*, on King, near Waſhington ſtreet, or to the ſubſcriber, at Notley Hall oppoſite to Alexandria.

Thos. L. Waſhington.

N. B. To Hire by the month,

A very likely active BOY,

About 15 years old, who has from a child been accuſtomed to wait in the houſe, provided immediate application is made as above.

May 3. co

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVE RECEIVED,

A conſiderable addition to their ſtock, forming an extenſive aſſortment of the beſt articles in their line of buſineſs.

—THEY HAVE FOR SALE—

Madeira, Sherry, Liſbon, Teneriffe, Malaga and Port, } *Wines of the firſt quality and in fine order.*

St. Eſtephe Medoc Claret, in caſes of one and two dozen, Cognac Brandy, old Peach do. Jamaica and Antigua Rum, very old Jamaica Spirit, for family uſe, Continental Kum, 70 barrels Pennſylvania Rye Whiſkey, old Iriſh Whiſkey, Molaſſes.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyſon, Young Hyſon, Hyſon Skin, Souchong } TEAS, *carefully choſen of the freſheſt and beſt qualities for family uſe.*

Philadelphia and Alexandria loaf and lump Sugars, Muſcovado Sugars, Coffee, Tenneſſee and Upland Georgia Cotton, Rice, Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Caſſia, Pepper, Pimento, race and ground Ginger, Muſtard, pearl Barley, Starch, Fig Blue, Flotant & Orleans Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Bees Wax, Hunter's pipes in boxes, Snuff in bladders and bottles, wrapping Paper, Havanna Segars, Britiſh Gunpowder, Patent Shot, Bar Lead, refined Saltpetre, Brimſtone, Allum, Chalk, Soap, Mould and Dipt Candles, Demijohns, &c.

Mandeville & Jamesson.

Auguſt 10. d

This day is Publiſhed,

And for Sale at ROBERT GRAY'S *Book-ſtore, and* THIS OFFICE,

(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.)

AN ABSTRACT

OF AN

A POLOGY,

For Renouncing the Juriſdiction

OF THE

SYNOD OF KENTUCKY.

BEING

A Compendious View of the GOSPEL,

AND A FEW REMARKS ON THE

CONFESSION OF FAITH.

By Robert Marſhall, John Dunlavy, Richard M'Nemar, Barton W. Stone, John Thompſon.

May 2.

☞ The higheſt price given for clean Linen Rags, by the Printer of this paper.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the ſubſcriber, of Charles county, in the ſtate of Maryland, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Alexandria county, in the diſtrict of Columbia, letters of adminiſtration on the perſonal eſtate of *Enoch Magruder Lyles*, late of the county laſt aforeſaid, deceaſed, with a copy of the deceaſed's will annexed: all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcriber, on or before the 5th day of March next, otherwiſe they may by law be excluded from all benefit of the ſaid eſtate. Given under my hand this 5th day of September, 1805.

William H. Lyles, *Adm'r.*

N. B. All perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment to the adminiſtrator.

September 5. 2aw2m

PUBLIC SALE.

Purſuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of the diſtrict of Columbia for the county of Alexandria, will be ſold at Public Auction, for ready money, on the 26th day of October next on the premiſes—

A HOUSE & LOT, with the Appurtenances, in the town of Alexandria,

Late the property and place of reſidence of JOSEPH CAREY, *deceaſed.*

The property will be ſold free from any incumbrance, and the title will be conveyed by the Marſhal to the purchaſer, under the direction of the Court.

Daniel C. Brent,

Marſhal, Diſtrict of Columbia.

Marſhal's Office Alexandria, 12th Aug. 1805 2aw3w.

NOTICE.

THE Subſcribers, of the county of Alexandria, in the Diſtrict of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of ſaid county, letters of adminiſtration on the eſtate of *William Wools*, late of the aforeſaid county, deceaſed—All perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed are hereby warned to exhibit the ſame, with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcribers on or before the 6th day of February next, they may otherwiſe be by law excluded from all benefit of the ſaid eſtate.

Given under our hands this 5th day of Auguſt, 1805.

Ann Wools, *Adm'x.*

Archibald M'Cleſh, *Adm'r.*

Auguſt 6. 2aw2m

This is to give Notice,

That the ſubſcriber, of Alexandria county, in the diſtrict of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of ſaid county, letters of adminiſtration on the perſonal eſtate of *George Hoke*, late of the county aforeſaid, deceaſed—ALL PERSONS having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcriber, on or before the 19th day of February next, otherwiſe they may by law be excluded from all benefit to ſaid eſtate. Given under my hand this 19th day of Auguſt, 1805.

Ann Hoke, *Adminiſtratrix,*

By James Anderſon, her Attorney.

N. B. All perſons indebted to the above eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment as above. 2aw2m

This is to give Notice,

THAT the ſubſcriber, of Alexandria county, in the diſtrict of Columbia, hath obtained letters of adminiſtration on the perſonal eſtate of *Robert Brown*, late of the county aforeſaid, deceaſed; all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcriber, on or before the 3d day of November next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to ſaid eſtate. Given under my hand, this 3d day of Auguſt, 1805.

DIXON BRITTINGHAM, *Adm'r.*

Auguſt 3. 2aw2m

N. B. All perſons indebted to the above eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the adminiſtrator.

TUNIS CRAVEN

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

8 puncheons Jamaica Rum, of ſuperior quality.

15 puncheons, 30 barrels } New-England Rum,

Which he will ſell low, for caſh or approved negotiable notes. d

Auguſt 26.

St. Vincents Rum, Muſcovado Sugar, and Spaniſh Hides,

FOR SALE BY

Benjamin Shreve, jun.

Auguſt 5. d

PRINTED DAILY, BY

S. SNOWDEN.